	Aut 1	Aut 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Foundation Stage	Performing: Singing and repeating rhythms. Explore start and stop in music.  Sing from memory simple nursery rhymes.  Review/ evaluate: Thought question: Did we start at the same time? Did we stop together.  Listening: Move to music which explores fast and slow.	Compose: Use repeated patterns (clapped or played on percussion instruments)  Clap/repeat rhythms form memory.  Make up short rhythm compositions thinking about long and short sounds.  Listening: Identify in pieces where notes go high and low. Notice through movement, where the pulse of music ( tempo) has changed.	Perform: Use classroom percussion to produce different timbres. Use percussion instruments to accompany singing or a poem- class composition. Listening: Listen to a range of nursery rhymes and sing along in unison.	Compose: Colour compositions – whole class. Explore pitched instruments including chimes, voice and recorders. Create sound pieces to reflect a picture or mood as a class. Perform compositions as a class  Evaluate: Did we make the best sounds we could on our instruments? How could we control our instruments better?  How could we put our pieces together – what order should we all play? What words or signs might help us to play at the correct time?	Perform: Sing simple songs in unison without a performance track to help us. Sing in tune and from memory.  Listening: Follow the shape of melodies using pointy fingers.  Change from high to low pitch on a tuned instrument, following direction from teacher.	Compose: Use graphics to create a way of playing musical ideas.
Year 1	Composing: Use instruments sounds to create a soundscape piece. Explore loud and soft.  Explore controlling the instrument. Use visual symbols for start and stop and get the children to use these for the class to follow.  Listening: Listen and move to music-	Performing: Sing in unison.  Sing in time and tune with others.  Learn songs from memory.	Composing: Use rhythm patterns to create compositions in two layers. Devise drawn scores to tell players when to start and stop.	Performing: singing in rounds.  Explore tempo changes (get slower or faster) and pitch changes (changing the starting note).  Listening: Baroque music: Pachelbel's canon. Bach's fugues. Children's rounds.	Performing element: How to play a musical instrument.  Teach chd how to play the chimes properly. Simple scale tunes.  Explore long and short notes	Composing: Use pentatonic scales to create "poem" pieces. (simple five note sequence in Cmajor: CDEGA- use the chime bars to listen to how the notes sound.  Use ipads to record/video chd performing and to evaluate and review after tasks are completed.

	explore sad and happy music.					Performing: More complex rounds singing.
Possible ideas	Prokofiev's Peter & the Wolf.	Christmas performance / Christmas songs				
Year 2	Composing: Pentatonic scales. Dragon scales-thinking about elements of tempo, texture and timbres (selection of instruments needed).  Listening: Chinese dance music. Chinese Zither music	Performing: Unison singing in smaller and larger groups. (Building stamina in performance). Review and evaluate: Sing without the performance track: Did we sing in time, tune? Were our words clear?	Composing: Use raga scales to compose.  Listening: Sitar music	Performing: Call and response songs.	Composing: African drumming – whole class compositions.	Performing: (Harmony) Hand chimes as a bass line: Learning to perform using a different instrument. Producing bass line harmonies for accompaniment. Improvise melodies to fit with simple bass lines.
Possible ideas						
Year 3	Composing: Digital music: Use garage band to create simple sequenced pieces: Terms: beat, rhythm, tempo, meter, layers. Review: Did our layers sound cohesive. How could we make them better?  Listening: Elements of music- short pieces of	Performing: Singing – increasing stamina. Phrase endings and emotion through performance. Review/ evaluate: Are we in time? Are we in tune? Are we holding our notes to the end of the phrase? Are we standing correctly?	Composing: Create poem pieces – use percussion, both tuned and untuned, to create pieces to accompany the telling of poems (performance poetry) Annotate scoresgraphic and notated Add expression marks: tempo, dynamics, pause marks, staccato and legato.	Performing: Recorders: Reading standard notation. The first 6 notes: Use recorder magic (on screen) to teach the first 6 notes. Teach treble clef standard notation.  Listening to music: Classical period music: When was this music around?	Composing: Annotate scores – use digital media (garage band) to create music using a preloaded beat string and add percussion.	Performing: standard notation- through recorders- continue to build on skills learnt in Spring term.  Listening to music: CONTD: Classical period music: When was this music around? What do we expect to hear? Who wrote music at this time?

	music which look at Tempo changes Keys – Major or minor (Happy or sad). Dynamics-Loud and soft.  How music makes us feel. Composer: Saen Saints Carnival of the Animals.			What do we expect to hear? Who wrote music at this time? Listening to:		Listening to:  - Mozart  - Handel  - Bach Identify features of classical music within pieces.
Possible ideas						
Year 4	Performing: singing Unison and two-part. Following notation using scores: not teaching standard notation but how to follow the path of the notes (up and down in steps or jumps)	Composing: creating melodies in Fmajor and Cmajor. CDEFGABC is Cmajor scale (all 'white notes' – no sharps or flats – start and end on C); FGABbCDEF is Fmajor scale (one 'black note': Bflat).  Reading notation: standard notation A-G (treble clef specific).  Listening: Waltz (3/4 time) Strauss – Blue Danube Waltz Oom pah pah (from Oliver!).	Performing: Singing in groups, keeping tempo. Perform in two parts- chords and melody. Adding harmony parts. Review and evaluate as this unit progresses	Composing: Melodies using motifs (Ala Beethoven – da da da da). Put chords over given bass lines or write a bass line.  Listening: Early Romantic period music: What is the romantic period? What are the features of romantic music? Who composed during this time? Beethoven- symphonies Chopin- piano music Schumann – songs	Composing: Garage Band raps Create sequencing using compositional sequence – own data, not pre-loaded.  Sequence pre-loaded: suitable raps and spoken songs.	Performing: Performance techniques – songs for the production.  Listening: Songs connected to the KS2 summer production.

Possible ideas						
Year 5	Digital performance and composition: Garage band - creating scores. Textures and harmony. Creating fusion pieces exploring two different styles of music together.  Listening: fusion and disco. Beatles fusion of styles Western club and Indian – Four Tet Fusion Jazz.	Performance: Whole class: Hand chimes, recorders and voices Reading chime notation. Tempo Pitch Ensemble performance Melody Counter melody.	Composition: Writing lyrics and melody in song form.  Meter, duration, tonality, tempo, harmony and structure.  Use a given backing track to explore song writing on the theme of conservation and saving water.	Performance: Whole class: Steel drums. Melody Bass line Note durations Tempo Performing in a group. Listening: Late Romantic period What are the features of music of this time? What instrumental developments allowed music to change? Who wrote music during this period? Composers: Tchaikovsky – Ballet music. Mahler – symphonies Jean Sibelius- Belshazzer's suite. Edvard Grieg- Peer Gynt	Composition: Whole class/ small groups using steel drums and ukuleles to create compositions. Create scores.  Review and evaluate: Did our ideas work? Why/how What went well? What went badly? What do we need to change?	Performance: Singing in unison, harmony and rounds — linked to public performance. Phrases, emotion, solo singing and chorus singing. Listening: Late Romantic period What are the features of music of this time? What instrumental developments allowed music to change? Who wrote music during this period? Composers: Tchaikovsky — Ballet music. Mahler — symphonies Jean Sibelius- Belshazzer's suite. Edvard Grieg- Peer Gynt
Possible ideas						
Year 6	Performing and composing: Rhythm and layers of sound (texture) Complex building of rhythms inc: combinations of quavers, semi-quavers	Performing and composing: Whole class group unison singing: Xmas songs + DARE. Harmony parts – twopart singing (rounds and multiple songs)	Performing and composing: Whole class rhythm compositions (look at Garage Band) – use percussion. Multiple layers, explore tempo,	Performing and composing: Group performance-chords (rhythm and patterns) Melody (tempo and pitch. Ensemble playing in time and together.	Performing and composing: Group performance-chords (rhythm and patterns) Melody (tempo and pitch. Ensemble playing in time and together.	Performing: harmony in groups. Solo singing. Performing in a variety of tempi and textures. Performance in different keys, including a range of sharp and flat keys.

	and rests. – through	Whole class rhythm	texture, duration and	Ensemble – thinking	Ensemble – thinking	Music with
	drumming.	compositions –	timbre changes.	about dynamics	about dynamics	modulations to include
	Reading notation	percussion.		Reading notation –	Reading notation.	relative major to
		Reading standard		simple keys up to 2	Composition using	minor.
	Samba and African	notation. (teaching		sharps and 2 flats.	notation and	Listening: to support
	drumming	point)		Major keys.	understanding of	the idea of key,
	compositions –		Listening:		simple key systems inc:	tonality and structure.
	djembe. Tempo and		Music of the		Cmaj-Aminor	
	texture.		nationalistic period:		Fmajor – Dminor	
			What are the features			
	Listening:		of this music?		Listening: to support	
	World music period:		Put the period on the		the idea of key,	
	What are the features		timeline.		tonality and structure.	
	of this music?		Who composed music			
	Put the period on the		in the period?			
	timeline.		Why did they become			
	Who composed music		nationalists?			
	in the period?		Composers:			
	Why did they become		Antonin Dvorak-New			
	nationalists?		World Symphony.			
	Composers:		Ralph Vaughan			
	Antonin Dvorak-New		Williams-fantasia on			
	World Symphony.		Greensleeves			
	Ralph Vaughan		English Folk song suite.			
	Williams-fantasia on		Smetena- My country (			
	Greensleeves		Vltava- the Moldau)			
	English Folk song suite.		Z českých luhů a hájů			
	Smetena- My country (		(From Bohemia's			
	Vltava- the Moldau)		Meadows and Forests)			
	Z českých luhů a hájů					
	(From Bohemia's					
	Meadows and Forests)					
Possible ideas			Add words (e.g. 'Our			
			school is great') to sing			
			to a tune.			

## Music curriculum.

'Schools should provide children with a broad Music Education, which includes performing, composing, listening, reviewing and evaluating.'